## DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF OPISTHOSTOMA FROM BORNEO.

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Altogether, including that about to be described, twenty-one species of *Opisthostoma* are now known from Borneo. A list of fifteen was published in the Annals and Magazine of Natural History for 1894, vol. xiv, pp. 269–273. Since that date the following species have been described, namely, *O. Linteræ*, Sowb., concinnum and simplex, Fulton, Sarawaeense (= Cookei, Smith) and Tiesenhauseni of Gredler, and figures of five known species, hitherto unfigured, have been given in the Proc. Zool. Soc., 1895, pl. iv, figs. 19–23.

## OPISTHOSTOMA BEDDOMEI.

Testa minima, angustissime perforata, rufescens, dextrorsa, pyramidalis; anfractus 6 convexi, lamellis tenuissimis, subremotis, obliquis, in medio undulatis, ornati, supremi 1-2 læves, saturate rufescentes, ultimus infra carino-cristatus, lamellis confertis instructus, antice solutus, retrorsus, et sursum contortus; apertura subcircularis, intus pallide rufescens; peristoma duplex, albidum, margine interno tubæformi, expanso, externo aliquanto angusto, dextrorsum versus spiram interrupto. Long. 1.75, diam. max. 2.25 mm.; apertura cum perist. 1 m. lata.

Hab.—Bidi Mountains, 20 miles from Sarawak.



This little species was collected by Mr. Sydney Beddome, after whom I have much pleasure in naming it. The keel-like crest upon the lower part of the body-whorl commences where the whorl is constricted and its irregular contortion commences. The oblique lamellæ are excessively slender, like the finest threads, and slightly wavy at the periphery. There are about eighteen upon the penultimate whorl. The outer margin of the peristome is rather narrow, not expanded like the inner edge, and interrupted on the right side, or that towards the spire, as is the case also in some other species.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist., vol. xvii (1896), p. 94.

Op. cit., vol. viii (1901), p. 242.
Nachrichtsb. deutsch. mal. Gesell., 1902, p. 57.